UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MISSOURI EASTERN DIVISION

BRENDA WILLIAMS,)	
Plaintiff,)	
v.)	Case No. 4:11-CV-1803 NAB
MICHAEL J. ASTRUE, Commissioner of Social Security,)))	
Defendant.)	

MEMORANDUM AND ORDER

This matter is before the Court on Plaintiff's Application for Attorney's Fees under the Equal Access to Justice Act, 28 U.S.C. § 2412 ("EAJA"). Defendant consents to an award of fees to Plaintiff in the amount requested. The Court will grant Plaintiff's motion.

I. Factual and Procedural Background

Plaintiff Brenda Williams filed this action, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 405(g) for judicial review of the final decision of Michael Astrue, Commissioner of Social Security, ("Defendant") denying Plaintiff's application for a period of disability and disability insurance benefits under Title II of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. § \$401-435. On November 29, 2012, the Court issued a Memorandum and Order and Judgment and Order of Remand in favor of Plaintiff pursuant to sentence four of 42 U.S.C. § 405(g). [Docs. 11, 12]. Plaintiff filed an Application for Attorney's Fees under the EAJA on January 22, 2013.

II. Standard

"A court shall award to a prevailing party... fees and other expenses... incurred by that party in any civil action (other than cases sounding in tort), including proceedings for judicial review of agency action, brought by or against the United States in any court having jurisdiction

of that action, unless the court finds that the position of the United States was substantially justified or that special circumstances make an award unjust." 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d)(1)(A).

A party seeking an award of fees and other expenses must (1) submit to the court an application for fees and other expenses which shows that the party is a prevailing party and eligible to receive an award; (2) provide the amount sought, including an itemized statement from any attorney or expert witness representing or appearing on behalf of the party stating the actual time expended and the rate at which fees and other expenses were computed; (3) allege that the position of the United States was not substantially justified, and (4) make the application within thirty days of final judgment of the action. 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d)(1)(B). The determination of whether the position of the United States was substantially justified shall be determined on the basis of the record made in the action for which the fees are sought. *Id.* "In sentence four remand cases, the filing period begins after the final judgment ("affirming, modifying, or reversing") is entered by the Court and the appeal period has run so that the judgment is no longer appealable." *Melkonyan v. Sullivan*, 501 U.S. 89, 102 (1991) (citing 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d)(2)(f) ("Final judgment" means a judgment that is final and not appealable.")).

"It is well-settled that in order to be a prevailing party for EAJA purposes, plaintiff must have received some, but not necessarily all, of the benefits originally sought in his action." *Stanfield v. Apfel*, 985 F.Supp. 927, 929 (E.D. Mo. 1997) (*citing Swedberg v. Bowen*, 804 F.2d 432, 434 (8th Cir.1986)). Obtaining a sentence four judgment reversing the Secretary's denial of benefits is sufficient to confer prevailing party status. *Shalala v. Schaefer*, 509 U.S. 292, 302 (1993).

III. Discussion

In this action, the Court finds that Plaintiff has demonstrated that an award of attorney's fees under the EAJA is appropriate in this matter. First, Plaintiff is a prevailing party in this action as she has obtained a reversal of the Commissioner's denial of her application for benefits. *See* Final Jud. and Order of Remand of Nov. 29, 2012 [Doc. 11].

Second, Plaintiff's application for attorney's fees is reasonable. Plaintiff requests fees in the amount of \$4,243.51 at a rate of \$182.91 per hour and includes an itemized statement from her attorney stating the actual time expended and the rate at which the attorney's fees were computed. The EAJA sets a statutory limit on the amount of fees awarded to counsel at \$125.00 per hour, "unless the court determines that an increase in the cost of living or a special factor, such as the limited availability of qualified attorneys for the proceedings involved, justifies a higher fee." 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d)(2)(A)(ii). "In determining a reasonable attorney's fee, the court will in each case consider the following factors: time and labor required; the difficulty of questions involved; the skill required to handle the problems presented; the attorney's experience, ability, and reputation; the benefits resulting to the client from the services; the customary fee for similar services; the contingency or certainty of compensation; the results obtained; and the amount involved." Richardson-Ward v. Astrue, 2009 WL1616701, No. 4:07-CV-1171 JCH at *1 (E.D. Mo. June 9, 2009). "The decision to increase the hourly rate is at the discretion of the district court." Id. at *2. "Where, as here, an EAJA petitioner presents uncontested proof of an increase in the cost of living sufficient to justify hourly attorney's fees of more than [\$125.00] per hour, enhanced fees should be awarded." Johnson v. Sullivan, 919 F.2d 503, 505 (8th Cir. 1990).

Plaintiff's counsel submitted detailed evidence from the U.S. Department of Labor, detailing the change in the cost of living from 1986 when the \$125.00 hourly limitation became effective until 2012. Defendant does not contest the hourly rate, the total fee request, or the number of hours itemized in the invoice. Upon consideration of these facts, the Court finds that the hourly rate, number of hours expended, and the total fee request is reasonable. Third, as alleged by Plaintiff, the Court finds that the Defendant's position was not substantially justified. Finally, Plaintiff's application for fees was timely filed. Therefore, the Court will award Plaintiff \$4,243.51 in attorney's fees.

Plaintiff has submitted an affidavit assigning any award she may receive under the EAJA to her counsel of record. The EAJA requires that the attorney's fee award be awarded to the prevailing party, in this case the Plaintiff, not the Plaintiff's attorney. *Astrue v. Ratcliff*, 130 S.Ct. 2521,2525 (2010) (the term "prevailing party" in fee statutes is a "term of art" that refers to the prevailing litigant) (citing 42 U.S.C. § 2412(d)(1)(A)). Awards of attorney fees to the prevailing party under the EAJA are "subject to [g]overnment offset to satisfy a pre-existing debt that the litigant owes the United States." *Ratcliff*, 130 S. Ct. at 2524. Any award for attorney's fees must be subject to any government offset, even if the Plaintiff has assigned her right to the award to her attorney. Therefore, the Court will direct the Commissioner to make Plaintiff's attorney's fee award payable to her attorney of record as directed below, subject to any pre-existing debt Plaintiff owes to the United States.

Plaintiff also seeks an award of \$350.00 for the cost of the filing fee. Defendant does not contest the award of \$350.00 to the Plaintiff. A judgment for costs, may be awarded to the prevailing party in any civil action brought by or against the United States or any agency thereof in any court having jurisdiction of such action. 28 U.S.C. § 2412(a)(1). "A judgment for costs

when taxed against the United States shall, in an amount established by statute, court rule, or

order, be limited to reimbursing in whole or in part the prevailing party for the costs incurred by

such party in the litigation. Id. Based on the foregoing, the Court will award Plaintiff costs in

the amount of \$350.00 for reimbursement of the filing fee.

IV. Conclusion

Based on the foregoing, the Court will award Plaintiff attorney's fees and costs in the

amount requested.

Accordingly,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Plaintiff's Application for Attorney's Fees under the

Equal Access to Justice Act is **GRANTED**. [Doc. 13].

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Defendant Commissioner of Social Security shall

remit Traci L. Severs attorney's fees in the amount of \$4,243.51, subject to any pre-existing debt

that the Plaintiff owes to the United States.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that costs in the amount of \$350.00 shall be remitted to

Plaintiff to be paid from the Judgment Fund administered by the United States Treasury.

Dated this 17th day of April, 2013.

/s/ Nannette A. Baker

NANNETTE A. BAKER

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

5